



Bacteriology: Research, strategic guidelines, and projects

Dr. Giuliano Garofolo Study tour: Animal Welfare in the European Union Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Abruzzo e del Molise – January, 31, 2017





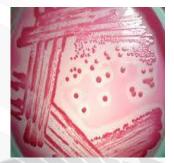


Reference Laboratory for Brucellosis, Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia, ^r



Brucellosi Centro di Referenza Nazionale





Regional Reference Centre for Salmonella

Food safety



21 outbream





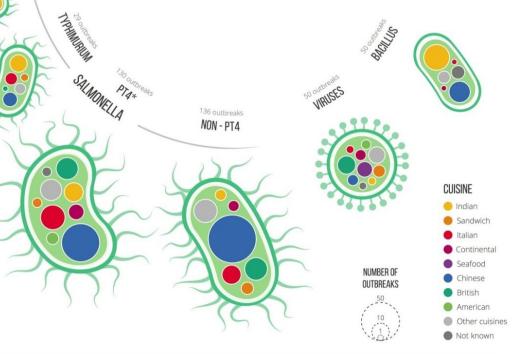




FOOD POISONING, THE CULPRITS

38 outbreaks C. PERFRINGENS





* Salmonella PT4 (paratyphoid) & VTEC O157 (Verocytotoxin producing Escherichia coli (E-coli)) can cause serious illness

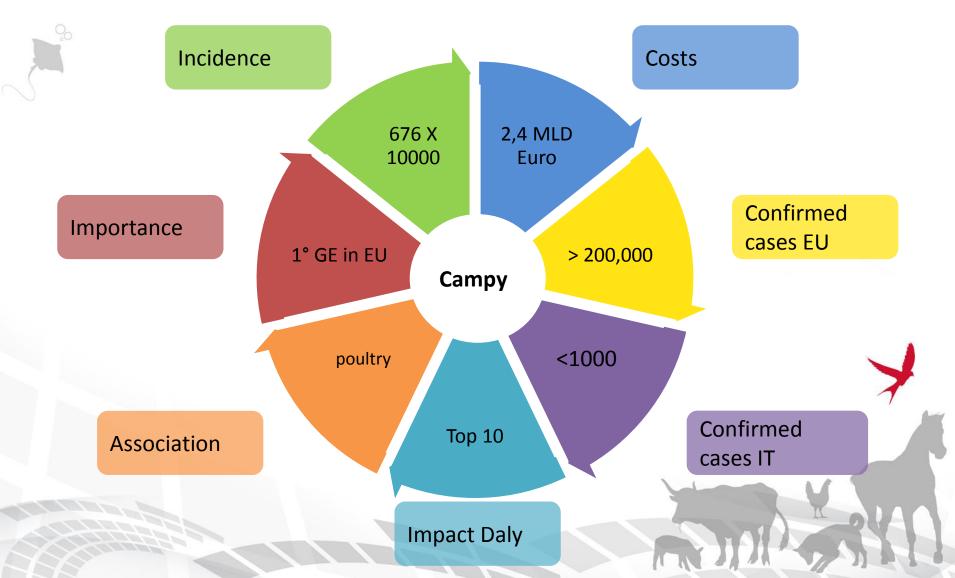
† Other includes Giardia lamblia, Shigella spp., Staphylococcus aureus and shellfish toxins

Designed by Nadieh Bremer @NadiehBremer Data source: http://bit.ly/1zNNCo4 The Kantar Information is Beautiful Awards



Campylobacteriosis

oratorio Nazionale di Riferimento

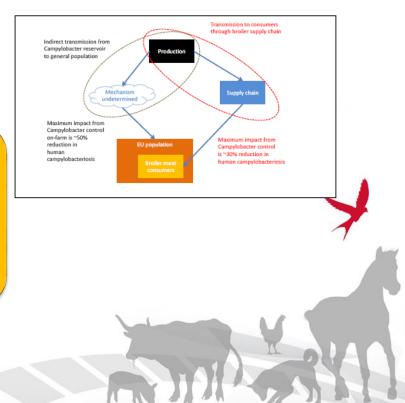




Campylobacter fact-sheet

9 million campylobacteriosis cases per year in the EU27 Estimated disease burden is 0.35 milion DALYs per year and total annual costs are 2.4 billions

The public health benefits of controlling Campylobacter in primary production are expected to be greater than control later in the chain as bacteria may also spread from farms to humans by other pathways than broiler meat



NRL for Campylobacter

The National Reference Laboratory for campylobacter has been designated at the IZSAM by a note dated 7 March 2007 of the Ministry for Health.

The NRL for *Campylobacter* carries out the tasks referred to EC regulation no. 882/2004

Specific tasks of the NRL are:

- Confirmation, of the diagnosis carried out by other laboratories
- Standardization of methods of analysis
- Organization comparative tests between the official national laboratories
- **Production**, possession and distribution to other official laboratory of reference materials
- Dissemination of official methods of analysis
- Organization of training courses
- Preparation of field plans
- Collaboration with other EU Reference Centre and with Community and Third Countries
- Support to the Ministry of Health
- Research

ZSAM G.CAPORALE



Research projects

- a)I-Source tracing the sources of Campylobacter jejuni
- b)Camchain using symbiotic bacteria to tackle Campylobacter
- c) <u>C</u>omb<u>AT</u> <u>C</u>ampylobacter: characterization of poultry microbiota for selection of protective flora
 d) Air Sample: fast and reliable diagnosis from air samples from the farms



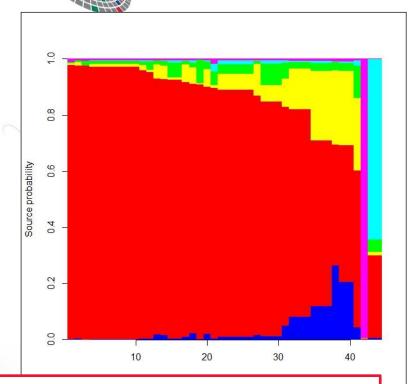


I-Source project

1.0

an ca 0.6

oportion of hum

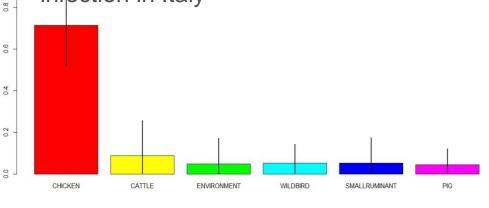


Cross validation

ZSAM G.CAPORALE

97% Poultry,98% Ruminats77% Wild birds, 62% environment

To quantify the relative importance of various possible sources of human infection in Italy



frontiers in Microbiology

ORIGINAL RESEARCH published: 13 June 2016 doi: 10.3389/fmicb.2016.00887

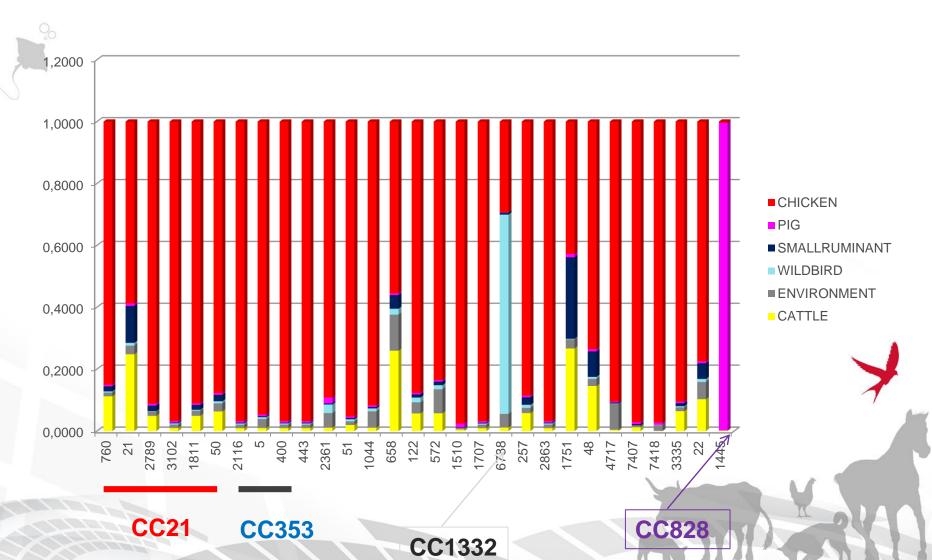
Tracing Back Clinical Campylobacter jejuni in the Northwest of Italy and Assessing Their Potential Source

Elisabetta Di Giannatale¹, Giuliano Garofolo¹, Alessandra Alessiani¹, Guido Di Donato¹, Luca Candeloro², Walter Vencia³, Lucia Decastelli³ and Francesca Marotta^{1*}

¹ National Reference Laboratory for Campylobacter, Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Abruzzo e del Molse "G. Caporale", Terano, Italy, ² Department of Statistics and GIS, Istituto Zooproflattico Sperimentale dell'Abruzzo e del Molse "G.Caporale", Terano, Italy, ⁹ Food Hygiene and Safety Department, Istituto Zooproflattico Sperimentale del Remonte, Ljuria e Valle d'Aosta, Torino, Italy



aboratorio Nazionale di Riferimento



Probability

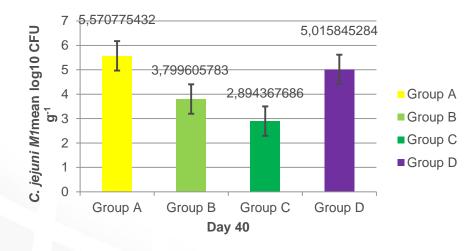


CamChain project

Campylobacter reduction from farm to slaughterhouse

Effect of a Synbiotic Formula for reducing Campylobacter jejuni in infected broilers

To verify in vivo activity of the *B. longum* subsp. *longum* PCB133 with Xylooligosaccharides (*XOS*) to reduce the cecal concentration of C. jejuni

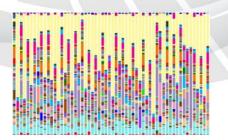


The results underlined the effectiveness of the synbiotic product in reducing *Campylobacter jejuni* in infected chickens (3 log10 of reduction).

An interesting outcome concerned the high number of endogenous bifidobacteria 5% of chickens resister

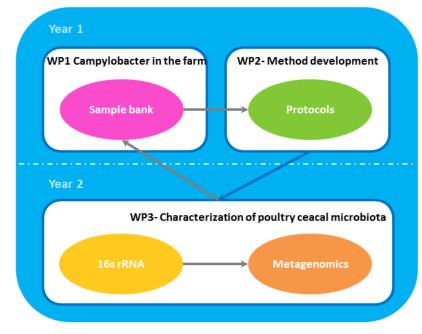


CATCh project



. . <u>**C**</u>omb<u>**AT**</u> <u>**C**</u>*ampylobacter:* characterization of poultry microbiota for selection of protective flora

CATCh



Period 24 months

Compositional differences of cecal microbiota and cecal metagenome of poultry free and colonized by Campylobacter.

Preliminary data for the selection of transplantable flora for prophylactic or therapeutic use in broiler chickens



Air sampling:

A Low-Cost Screening Tool in Biosecured Broiler Production

Acronym: EU funding: Period: Coordinator: AIR SAMPLE Approx. 1 mill. Euro 2 years (Jan 2018 - Dec. 2019). Jeffrey Hoorfar, DTU Food.

Partners:

Julia Christensen & Jeffrey Hoorfar, DTU Food. Gro Johannessen, Mona Torp & Camilla Sekse, NVI. Renáta Karpíšková & Ivana Koláčková, VRI. Kinga Wieczorek & Jacek Osek, NVRI. Elisabetta Di Giannatale & Giuliano Garofolo, IZSAM. Copenhagen, Denmark. Oslo, Norway. Brno, Czech Republic. Pulawy, Poland. Teramo, Italy.



oratorio Nazionale di Riferimento

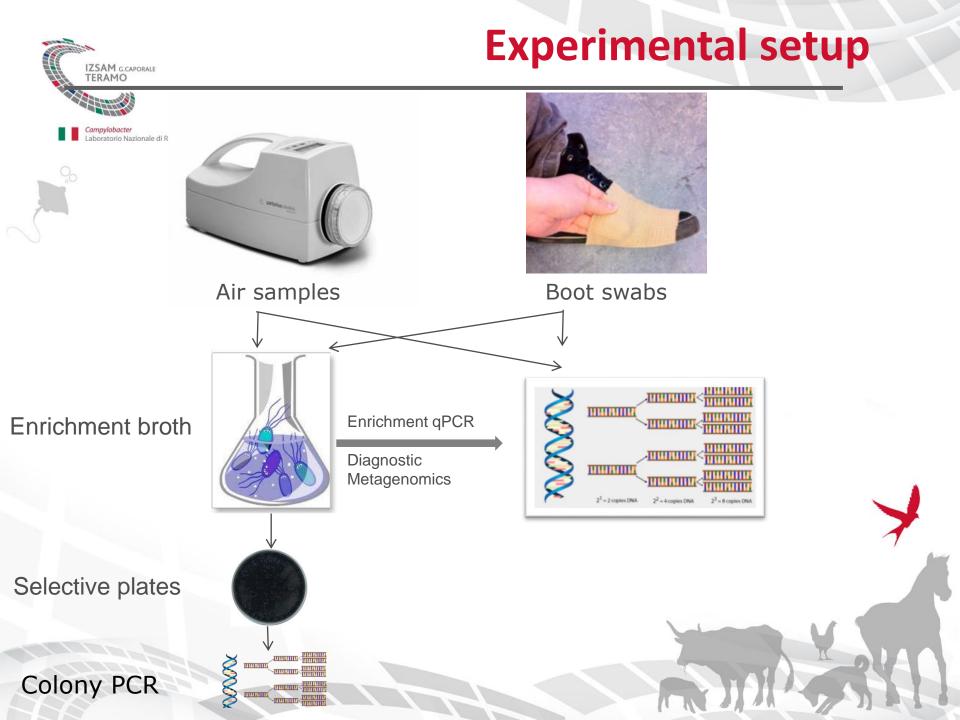
Pre-slaughter sampling



Future method, air sampling



Campylobacter not detected in boot swabs.



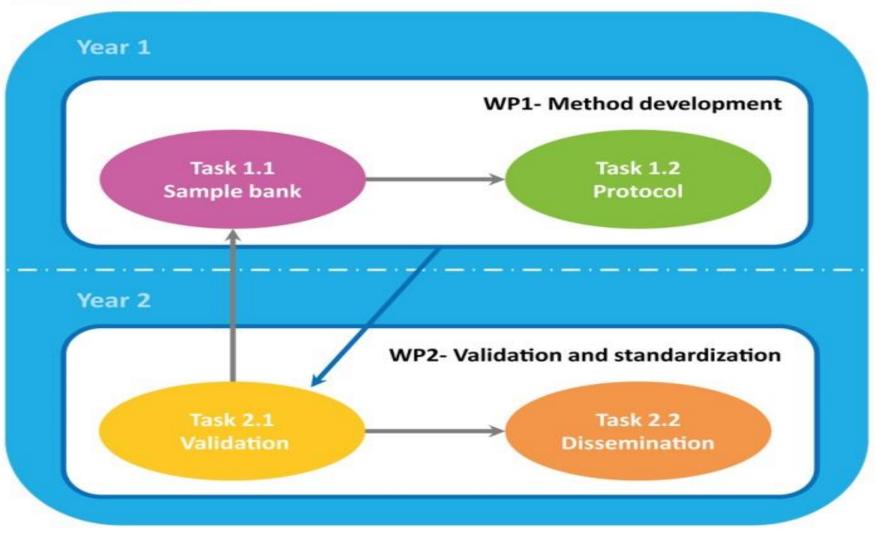


Advantages could be:

Earlier test results.

- Simpler sampling and shipping.
- ✓ Lower overall costs.
- Cleaner sample or less PCR inhibitors.
- Suitable for culturing, as well as PCR and sequencing
- Generic sample for multiple pathogens.

AIR SAMPLE



Task 1.1 Creates a sample bank (air boot-swab samples) from different regions Task 1.2 Develops of a non-complex DNA extraction protocol for qPCR or diagnostic metagenomics of gelatin-filter samples

Task 2.1 Focuses on validation of air sampling and DNA extraction methods Task 2.2 Will promote the outcomes of the project to relevant stakeholders

Animal health



- •Aerobic and anaerobic culture for the presence of bacterial pathogens
- •Mycoplasma
- •Culture for fungal pathogens
- Campylobacter
- •Brucella
- •Listeria
- •Salmonella

Brucellosi, 20 Cl'anno peggiore: a Messina 136 casi Problemi ar Aller i Uil: «Commissariare la Sicilia» Aller i Uil: «Commissariare la Sicilia» CRONACA – Rimercato clar articolazio

CAHADINIERI

×

N.A.S.

no quadruplicati, tornando ai livelli di fine anni 90. A contribuire il sudorazione si aggiunge il rischio di complicazioni alle

all'uomo

mette:

omplice"

Bruc sequi



GLOBAL EPIDEMIOLOGY



Diagnostic Workflow in Clinical Bacteriology

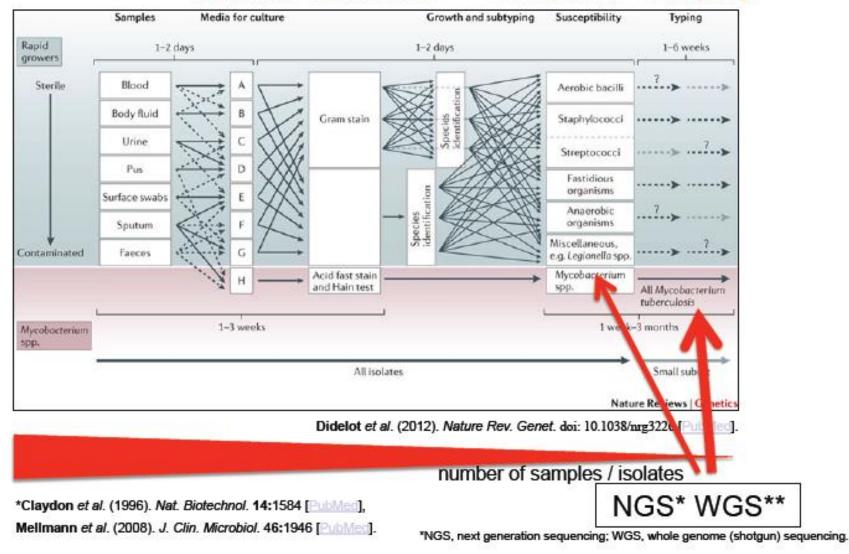
Meta-genomics Genomics

Cultivation

tion Identification

Susceptibility

y Genotyping





Workflow Bacteriology

Colony morphology is a method that scientists use to describe the characteristics of an individual colony of bacteria growing on agar in a Petri dish.



Phenotyping and Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing





Molecular identification







TEST POSITIVO

- source
- diffusion of diseases.

Epidemiology

Fraditional epidemiology discovers
 relationship among people, animals, places and items that might have the opportunity to spread the disease



SAM G.CAPORALE

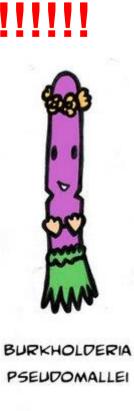


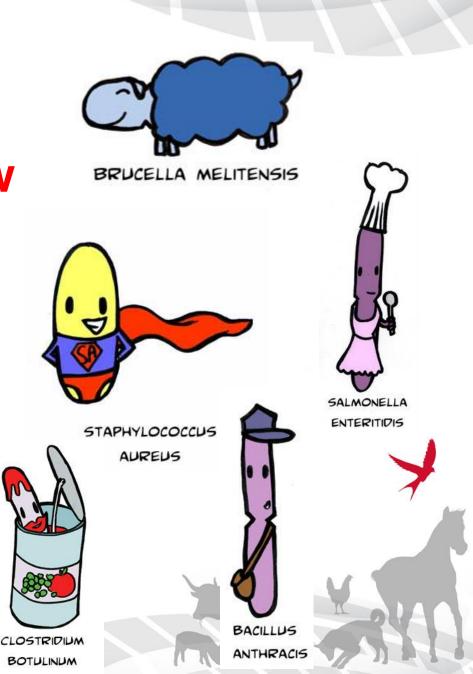
Broad Street del 1854



we want to interview **PATHOGENS!!!!!**









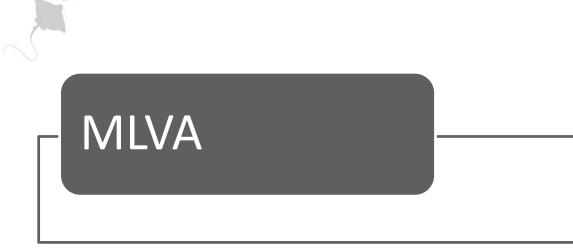
Molecular Epidemiology

 Molecular epidemiology finds out phenotipical and genetic relationship among infectious agents to suggest the source of infection, the trasmission path and the biological relation





Molecular epidemiology tools



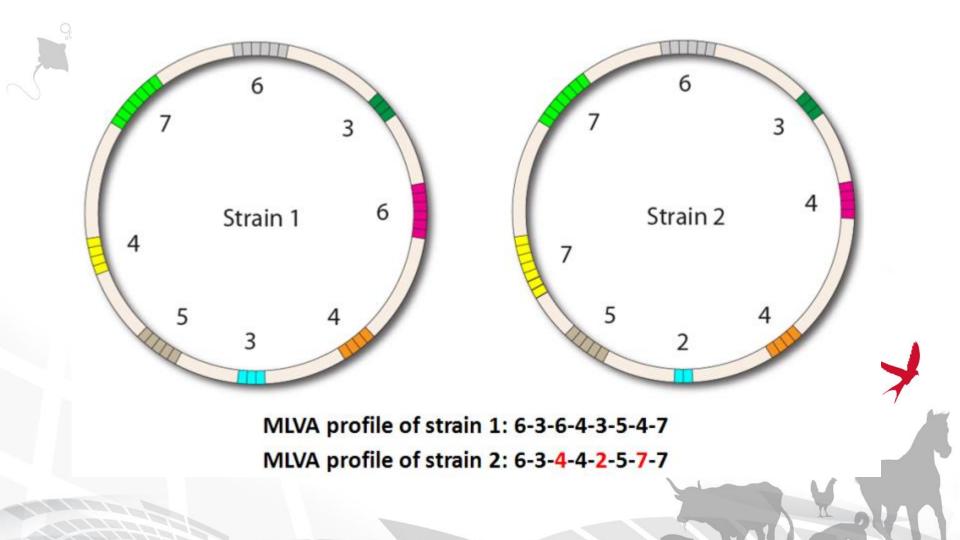






Multi locus VNTR analysis

Campylobacter Laboratorio Nazionale di Riferimento







Infection, Genetics and Evolution 19 (2013) 59-70



Infection, Genetics and Evolution

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/meegid

Investigating genetic diversity of *Brucella abortus* and *Brucella melitensis* in Italy with MLVA-16

Giuliano Garofolo^{a,*}, Elisabetta Di Giannatale^a, Fabrizio De Massis^a, Katiuscia Zilli^a, Massimo Ancora^a, Cesare Cammà^a, Paolo Calistri^a, Jeffrey T. Foster^b

^a Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Abruzzo e Molise "G. Caporale", National and OIE Reference Laboratory for Brucellosis, Via Campo Boario, 64100 Teramo, Italy ^bCenter for Microbial Genetics & Genomics, Northern Arizona University, Flagstaff, AZ 86011-4073, USA

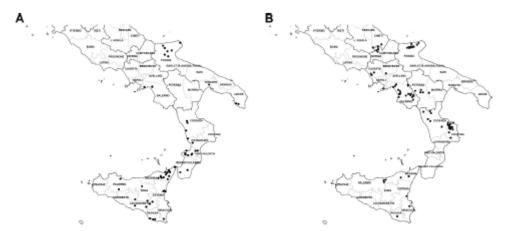


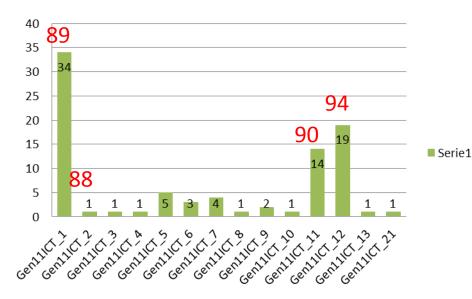
Fig. 2. Geographical representation (GIS data) of A) B, abortus isolates and B) B, melitensis isolates, with its outbreaks in Southern Italy. Further geographical information with colors at collection sites correspond to the clades from Figs. 1 and 4 are provided in the supplementary data with Jani files usable with Google Earth/Maps.



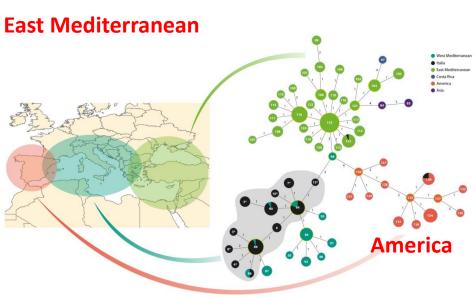
CrossMark



MLVA 11 B. melitensis phylogeny



200 strains from 2011,2012, 2013



West Mediterranean

12 MLVA11 genotypes 96,2 % strains Belong to West Mediterranean

1 MLVA11 genotype East Mediterran

1 MLVA11 genotype America



Molecular Epidemiology

Ferrara northern Italy

B. melitensis biovar. 3

MLVA results: MLVA 11 – lineage East Mediterranean MLVA 16 – identity less then 50% with italian isolates

Anamnesis: citizen from Syria with recent history of travel in his country





Molecular Epidemiology

Salerno southern Italy *B. melitensis biovar* 3

MLVA :

MLVA 11 – lineage West Mediterranean MLVA 16 – 100% of identity with isolates from livestock of a farm in the same region

Relationship between human and animal cases.



Campy & Brucella girls

QUESTIO

Thank you